

Thème: Fonctions de plusieurs variables § 1.1, 1.2 et 1.3

Lien vers les énoncés des exercices:

[https://www.deleze.name/marcel/sec2/applmaths/csud/plusieurs-variables/1-3\\_DERIVEES\\_PARTIELLES.pdf](https://www.deleze.name/marcel/sec2/applmaths/csud/plusieurs-variables/1-3_DERIVEES_PARTIELLES.pdf)

## Corrigé de l'exercice 1-1 a)

```
Plot3D[ $\frac{v\theta^2 \sin[2\varphi]}{9.81}$ , {vθ, 0, 100}, {φ, 0,  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ },


ViewPoint → {3, 1, 1}, AxesLabel → {"vθ", "φ", "p"},  

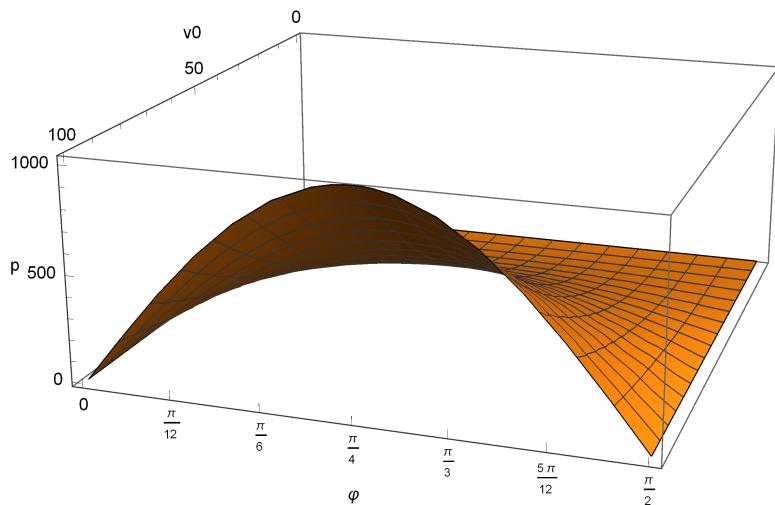
  point de vue spatial titre d'axe



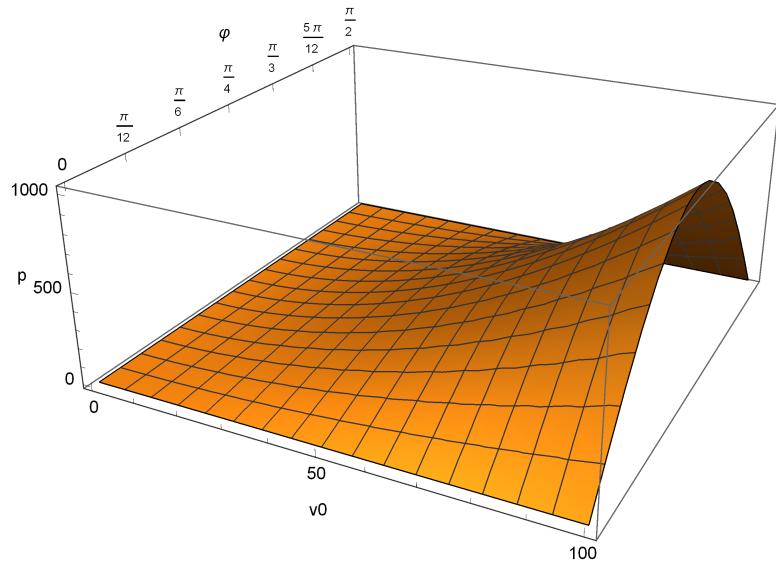
ImageSize → {400, 400}, Ticks → {Automatic, Range[0,  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{12}$ ], Automatic}]  

  taille d'image graduati... plage automatique


```



```
Plot3D[ $\frac{v\theta^2 \sin[2\varphi]}{9.81}$ , {vθ, 0, 100}, {φ, 0,  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ },  
|tracé de surfaces  
ViewPoint -> {1, -2, 1}, AxesLabel -> {"vθ", "φ", "p"},  
|point de vue spatial |titre d'axe  
ImageSize -> {400, 400}, Ticks -> {Automatic, Range[0,  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{12}$ ], Automatic}]  
|taille d'image |graduati... |automatique |plage |automatique
```



## Corrigé de l'exercice 1-1 b)

```
Plot[ $\frac{v\theta^2 \sin[2\varphi]}{9.81}$  /.  $v\theta \rightarrow 60$ ,  $\{\varphi, 0, \frac{\pi}{2}\}$ , Ticks → {Range[0,  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{12}$ ], Automatic},  

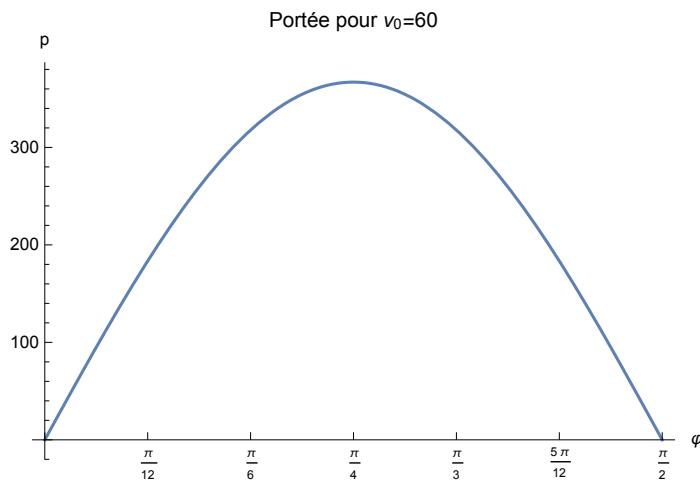
|tracé de courbes| graduati...| plage| automatique]
```

```
PlotLabel → "Portée pour  $v_0 = 60$ ",  

|titre de tracé| boîte d'indice  

AxesLabel → {" $\varphi$ ", " $p$ "})  

|titre d'axe|
```

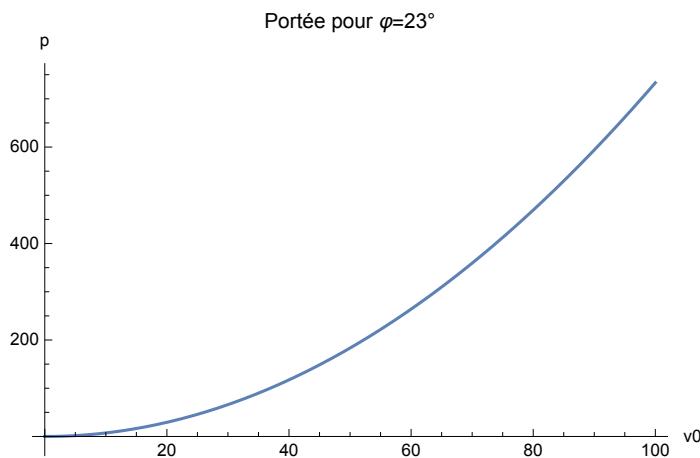


```
Plot[ $\frac{v\theta^2 \sin[2\varphi]}{9.81}$  /.  $\varphi \rightarrow 23^\circ$ , { $v\theta$ , 0, 100},  

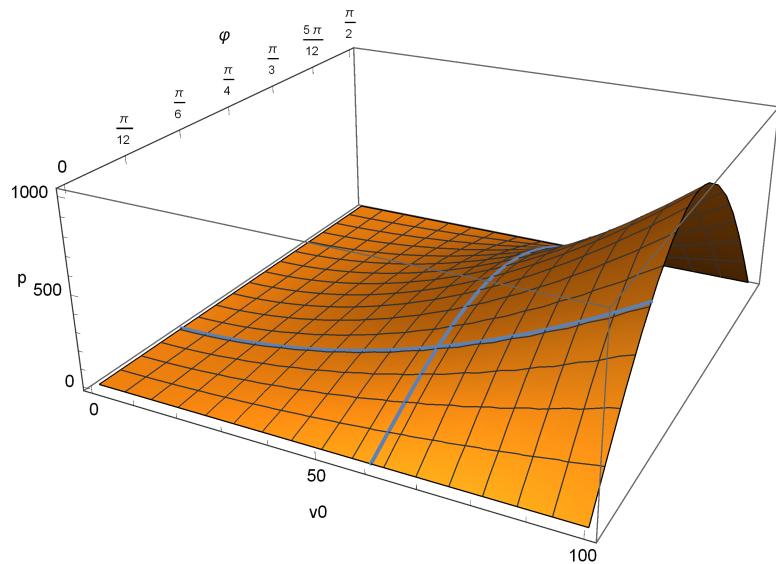
|tracé de courbes|
```

```
PlotLabel → "Portée pour  $\varphi=23^\circ$ ", AxesLabel → {" $v\theta$ ", " $p$ "})  

|titre de tracé| titre d'axe
```



## Corrigé de l'exercice 1-1 c)



## Corrigé de l'exercice 1-2

a) Paraboloïde elliptique

$$z = f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R}^2$$

```
Plot3D[x^2 + y^2, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}, ViewPoint -> {3, 1, 1},

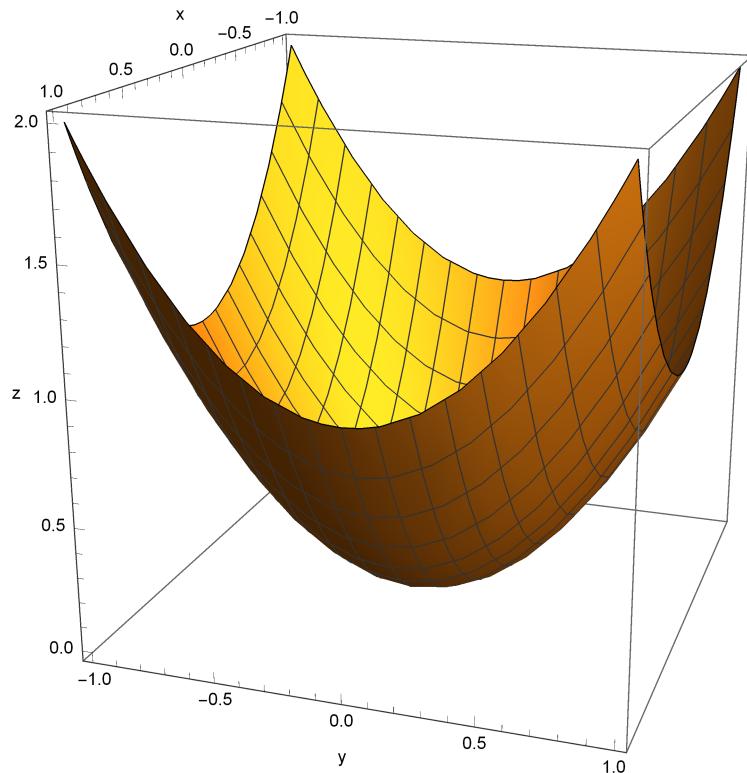

```

| point de vue spatial

```
AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"}, ImageSize -> {400, 400}, BoxRatios -> Automatic]
| titre d'axe
```

| taille d'image

| rapports de b... | automatique



## b) Paraboloïde hyperbolique

$$z = f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R}^2$$

```
Plot3D[x^2 - y^2, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}, ViewPoint -> {3, 1, 1},


point de vue spatial



```
AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"}, ImageSize -> {400, 400}, BoxRatios -> Automatic]
```



titre d'axe

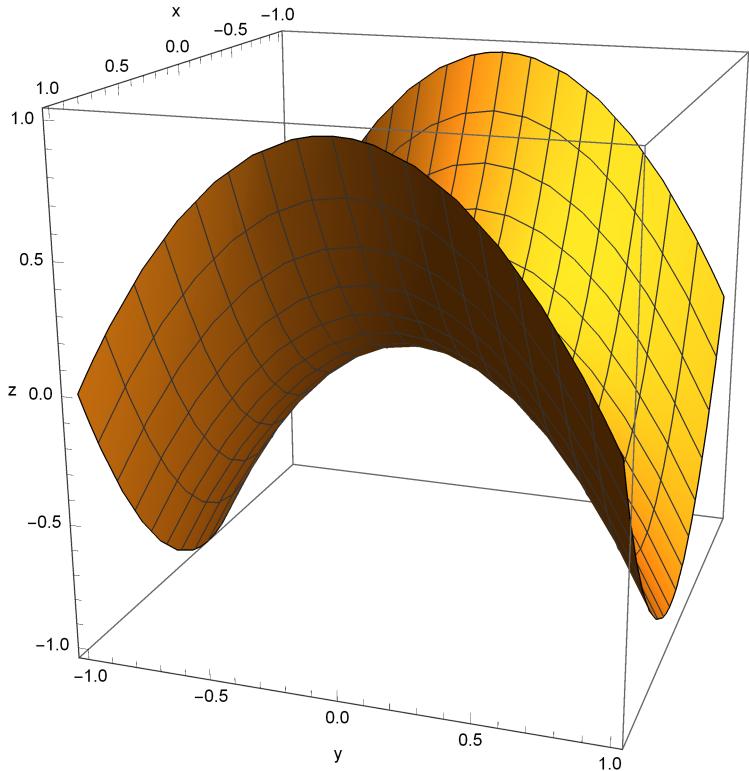


taille d'image



rapports de b... automatique


```



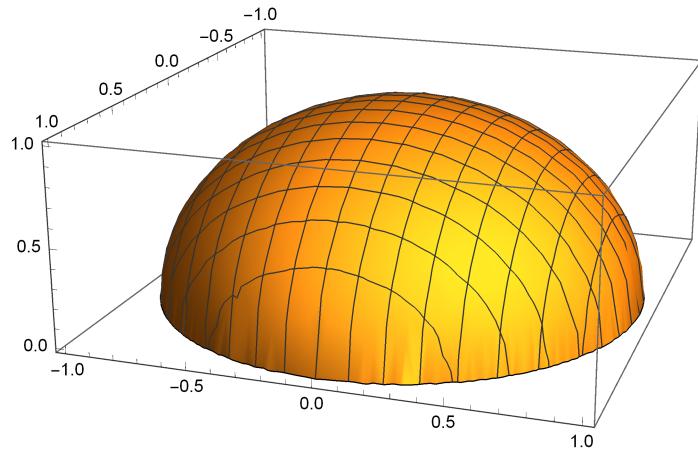
## c) Ellipsoïde (cas particulier : la sphère)

$$z^2 = 1 - x^2 - y^2$$

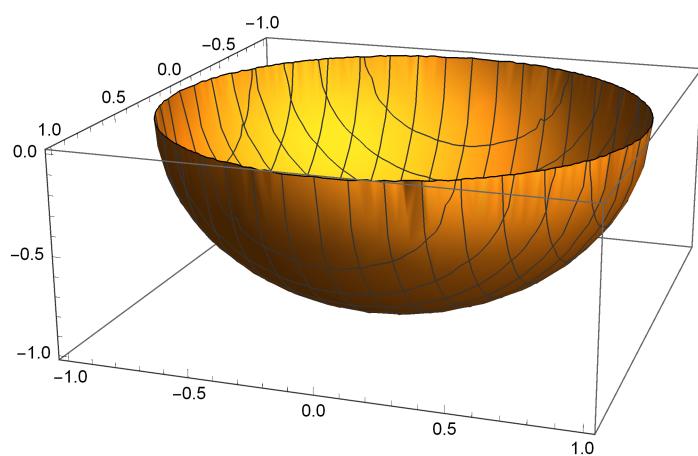
$$z = f_1(x, y) = \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2} \quad \text{ou} \quad z = f_2(x, y) = -\sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}$$

$D_{f_1} = D_{f_2} = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$  = disque fermé de centre  $(0, 0)$  et de rayon 1

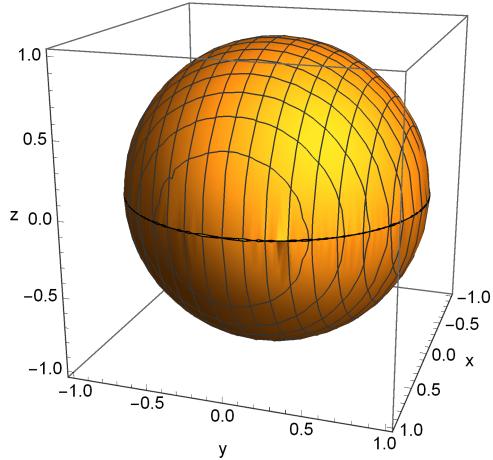
$f1 = \text{Plot3D}[\sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}, \{x, -1, 1\}, \{y, -1, 1\}, \text{ViewPoint} \rightarrow \{3, 1, 1\}]$



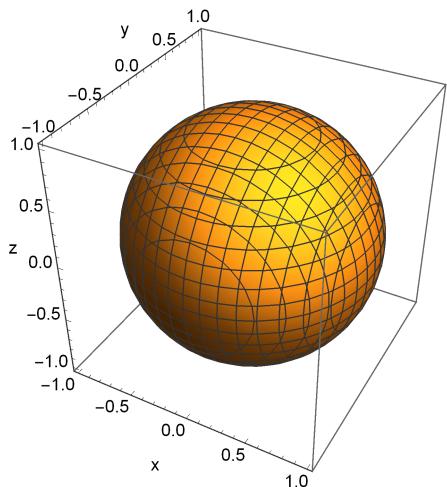
$f2 = \text{Plot3D}[-\sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}, \{x, -1, 1\}, \{y, -1, 1\}, \text{ViewPoint} \rightarrow \{3, 1, 1\}]$



```
Show[f1, f2, AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"},  
montrer titre d'axe  
ImageSize -> {250, 250}, BoxRatios -> Automatic, PlotRange -> All]  
taille d'image rapport de b... automatique zone de tracé tout
```



```
ContourPlot3D[x^2 + y^2 + z^2 == 1, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1},  
tracé 3D de champ scalaire par ses contours  
{z, -1, 1}, AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"}, ImageSize -> {250, 250}]  
titre d'axe taille d'image
```



## Corrigé de l'exercice 1-2

d) Hyperbololoïde à deux nappes

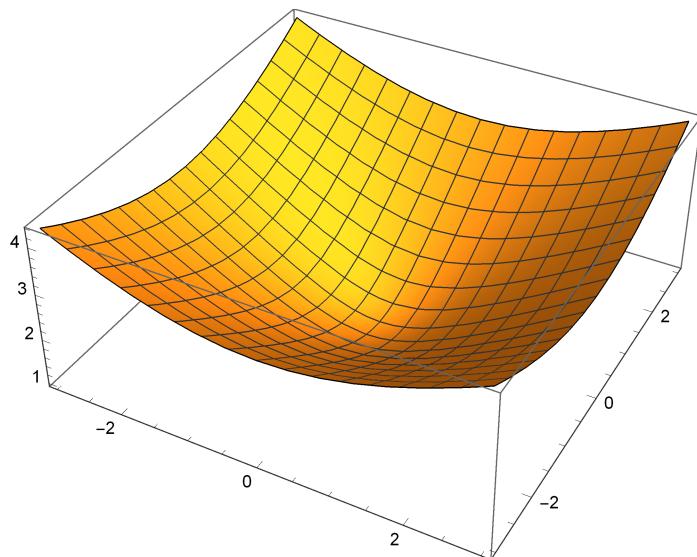
$$z^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 1$$

$$z = f_1(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 1} \quad \text{ou} \quad z = f_2(x, y) = -\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 1}$$

$$D_{f_1} = D_{f_2} = \mathbb{R}^2$$

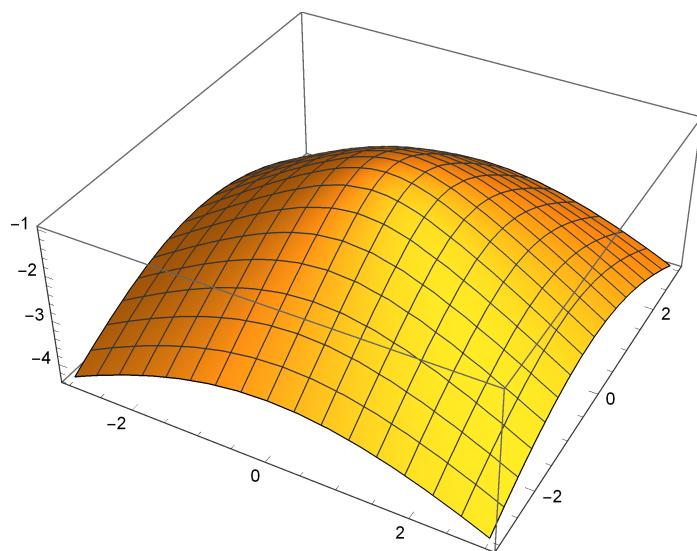
`f1 = Plot3D[ $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 1}$ , {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}]`

↳ tracé de surfaces

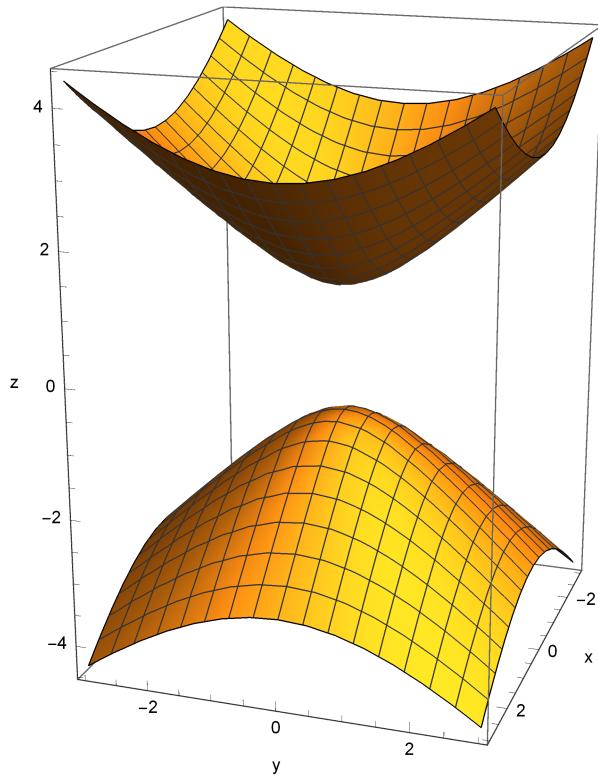


`f2 = Plot3D[- $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 1}$ , {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}]`

↳ tracé de surfaces

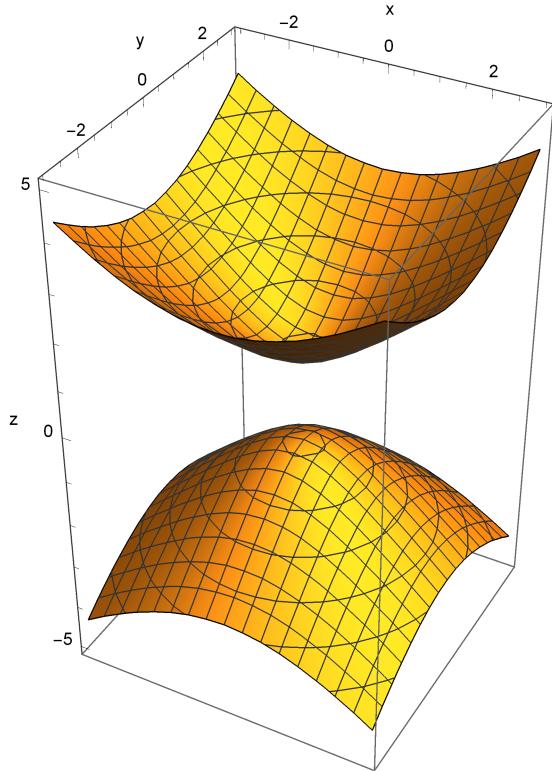


```
Show[f1, f2, ViewPoint -> {3, 1, 1}, AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"},  
|montrer |point de vue spatial |titre d'axe  
ImageSize -> {400, 400}, BoxRatios -> Automatic, PlotRange -> All]  
|taille d'image |rapports de b... |automatique |zone de tracé |tout
```



`ContourPlot3D[z^2 == x^2 + y^2 + 1, {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, {z, -5, 5},  
tracé 3D de champ scalaire par ses contours`

`AxesLabel → {"x", "y", "z"}, BoxRatios → Automatic, ImageSize → {400, 400}]  
titre d'axe      rapports de b... automatique      taille d'image`



## e) Cône

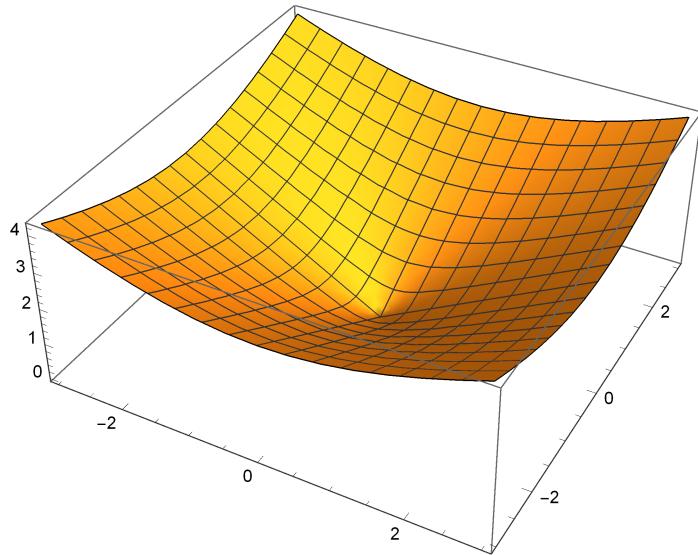
$$z^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

$$z = f_1(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \quad \text{ou} \quad z = f_2(x, y) = -\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$D_{f_1} = D_{f_2} = \mathbb{R}^2$$

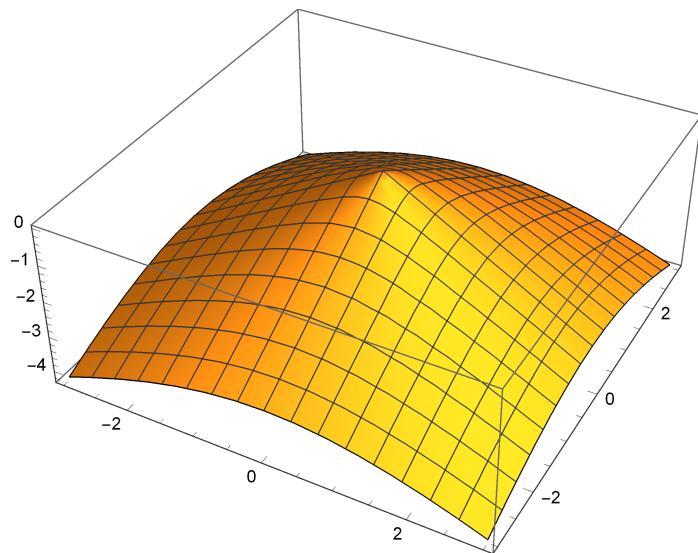
`f1 = Plot3D[ $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}]`

└ tracé de surfaces

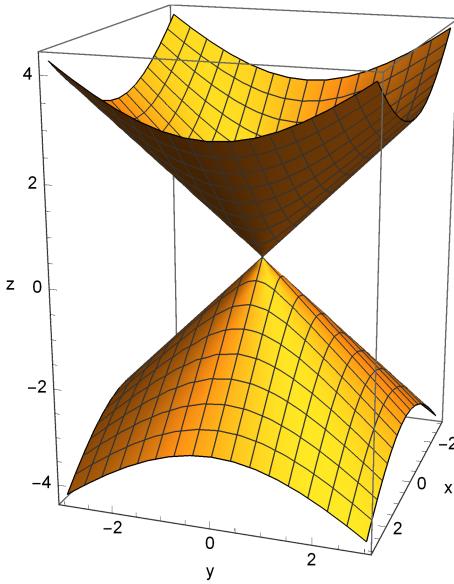


`f2 = Plot3D[- $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}]`

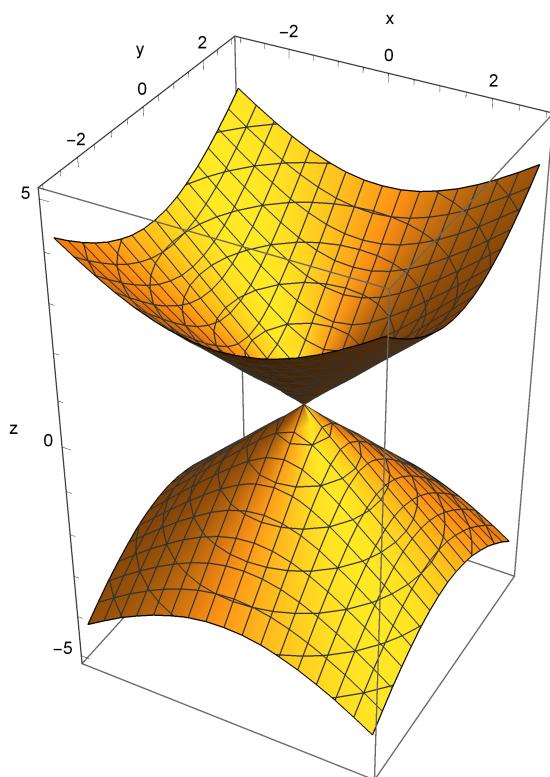
└ tracé de surfaces



```
Show[f1, f2, ViewPoint -> {3, 1, 1}, AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"},  
| montre | point de vue spatial | titre d'axe  
ImageSize -> {300, 300}, BoxRatios -> Automatic, PlotRange -> All]  
| taille d'image | rapports de b... | automatique | zone de tracé | tout
```



```
ContourPlot3D[z^2 == x^2 + y^2, {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, {z, -5, 5},  
| tracé 3D de champ scalaire par ses contours  
AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"}, BoxRatios -> Automatic, ImageSize -> {400, 400}]  
| titre d'axe | rapports de b... | automatique | taille d'image
```



## f) Cylindre

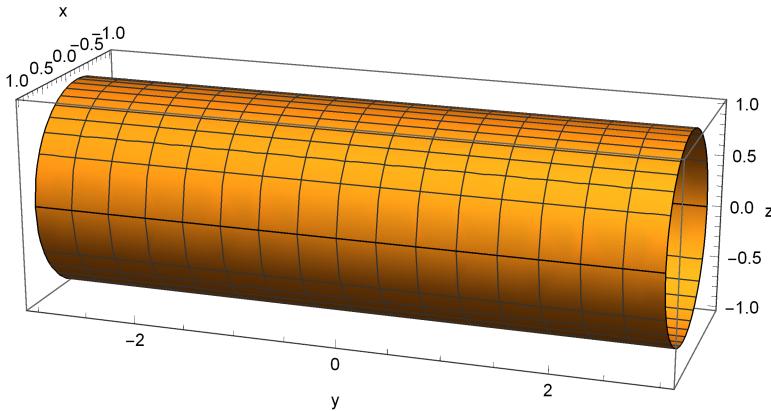
$$z^2 = 1 - x^2$$

$$z = f_1(x, y) = \sqrt{1 - x^2} \quad \text{ou} \quad z = f_2(x, y) = -\sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

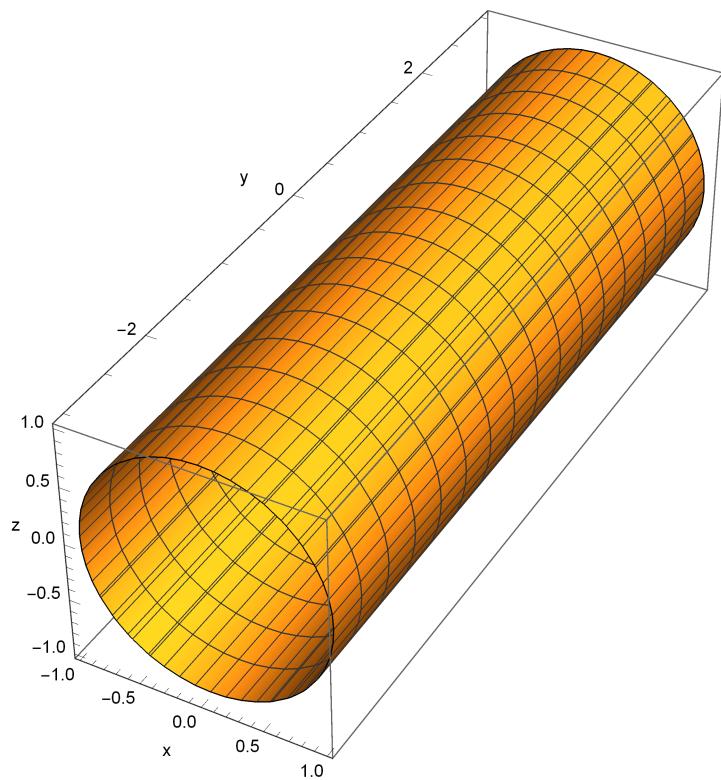
$$D_{f_1} = D_{f_2} = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid -1 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ et } -\infty < y < \infty\}$$

Show[Plot3D[\sqrt{1 - x^2}, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -3, 3}], Plot3D[-\sqrt{1 - x^2}, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -3, 3}],  
 mon... tracé de surfaces      tracé de surfaces

ViewPoint → {3, 1, 1}, AxesLabel → {"x", "y", "z"},  
 point de vue spatial      titre d'axe  
 ImageSize → {400, 400}, BoxRatios → Automatic, PlotRange → All]  
 taille d'image      rapports de b... automatique      zone de tracé      tout



```
ContourPlot3D[z^2 == 1 - x^2, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -3, 3}, {z, -1, 1},  
  tracé 3D de champ scalaire par ses contours  
  AxesLabel → {"x", "y", "z"}, BoxRatios → Automatic, ImageSize → {400, 400}]  
  titre d'axe  rapports de b... automatique  taille d'image
```



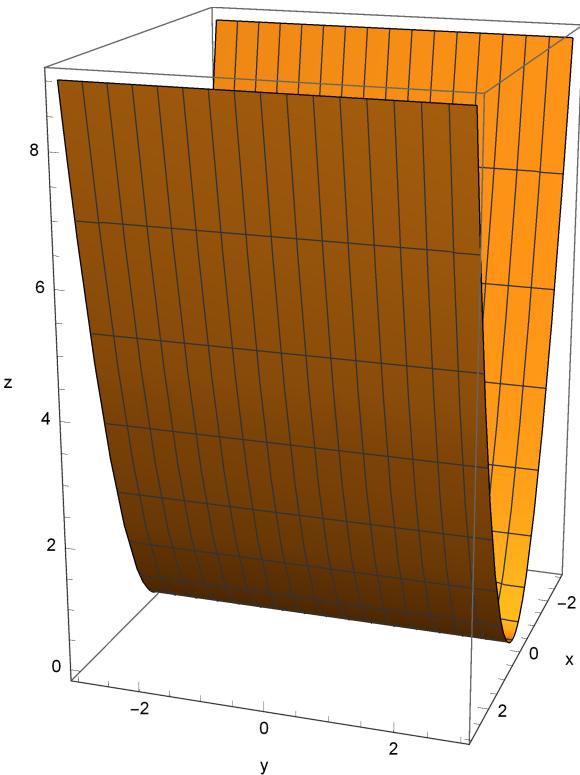
## g) Cylindre parabolique

$$z = x^2$$

$$z = f(x, y) = x^2$$

$$D_{f_1} = D_{f_2} = \mathbb{R}^2$$

```
Plot3D[x^2, {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, ViewPoint -> {3, 1, 1},
AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "z"}, ImageSize -> {400, 400}, BoxRatios -> Automatic]
titre d'axe taille d'image rapports de b... automatique
```



## Corrigé de l'exercice 1-3 (facultatif)

```
pv = pv = Table[N[{3 Cos[\varphi], 3 Sin[\varphi], 2}], {\varphi, 0, 2 \pi, \frac{\pi}{6}}]



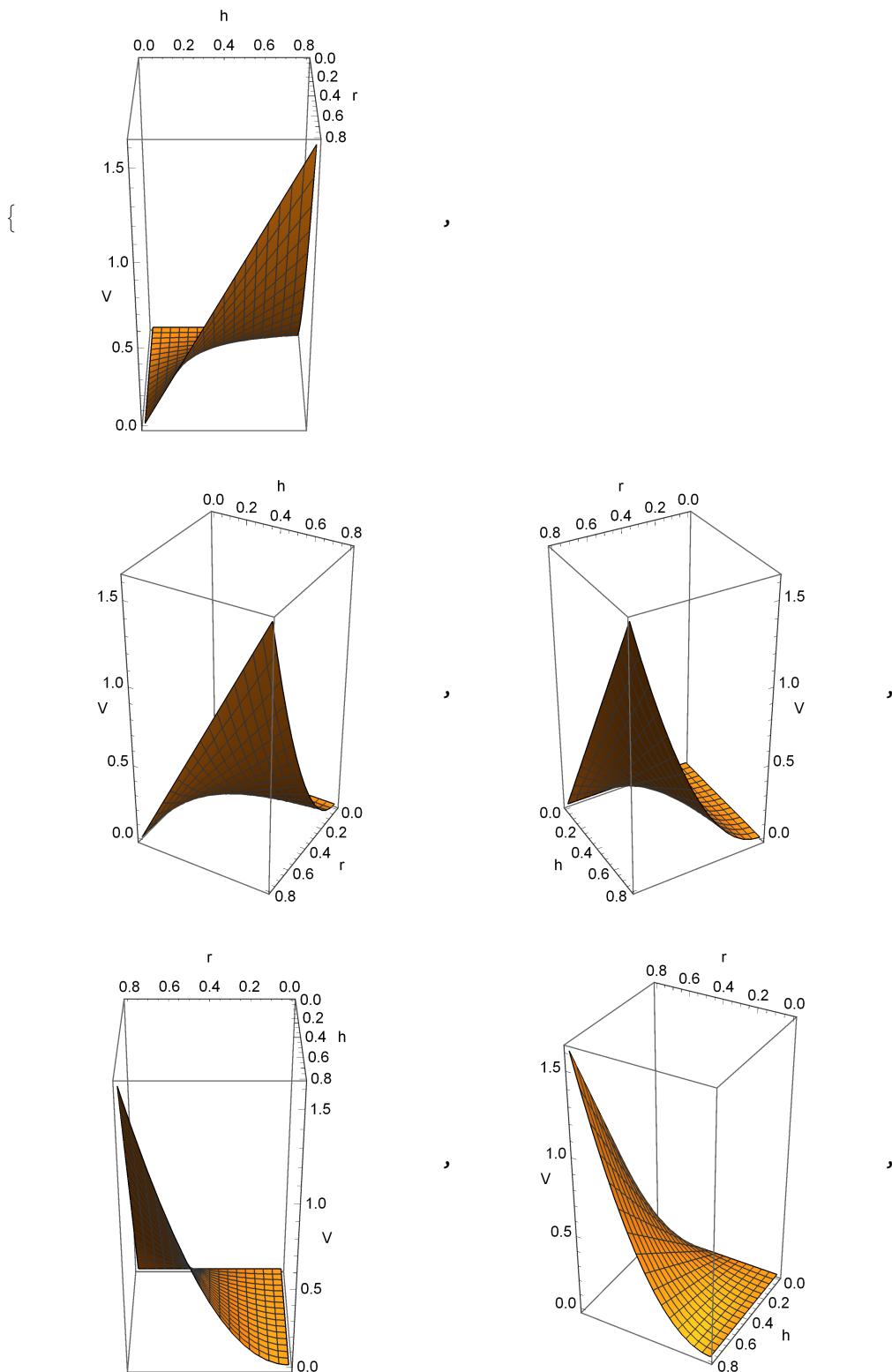

```

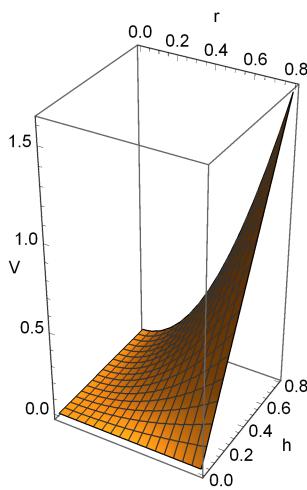
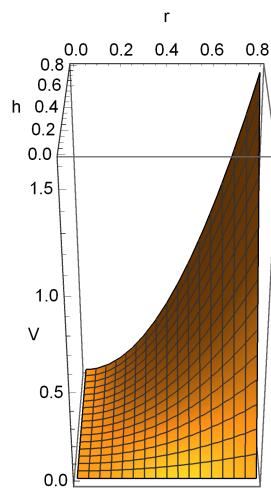
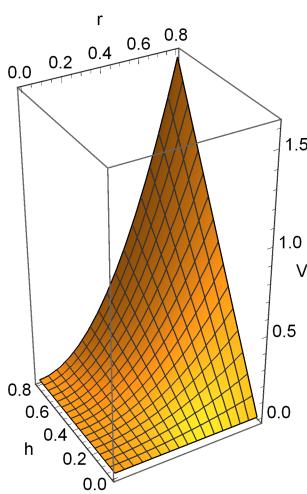
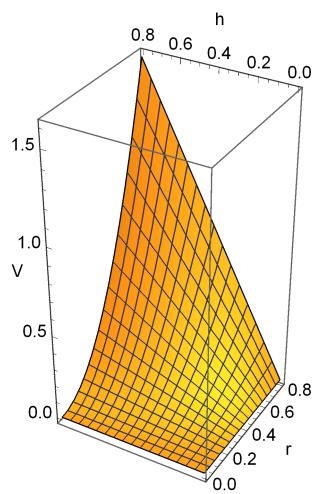
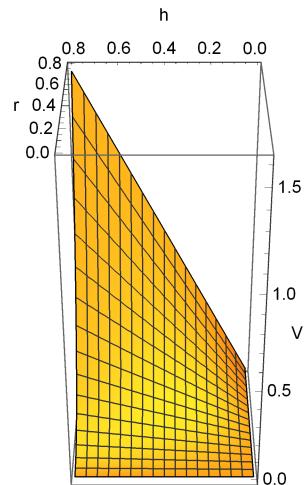
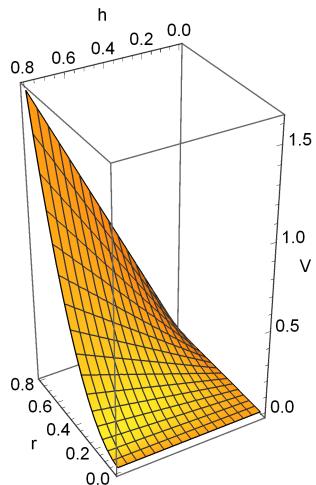
```
{ {3., 0., 2.}, {2.59808, 1.5, 2.}, {1.5, 2.59808, 2.}, {0., 3., 2.}, {-1.5, 2.59808, 2.},
{-2.59808, 1.5, 2.}, {-3., 0., 2.}, {-2.59808, -1.5, 2.}, {-1.5, -2.59808, 2.},
{0., -3., 2.}, {1.5, -2.59808, 2.}, {2.59808, -1.5, 2.}, {3., 0., 2.} }
```

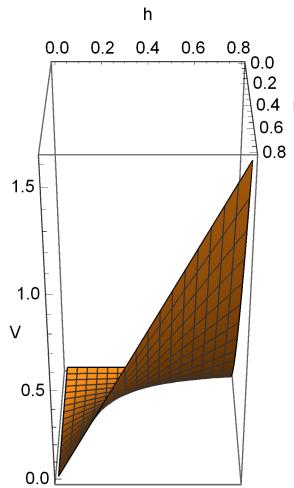
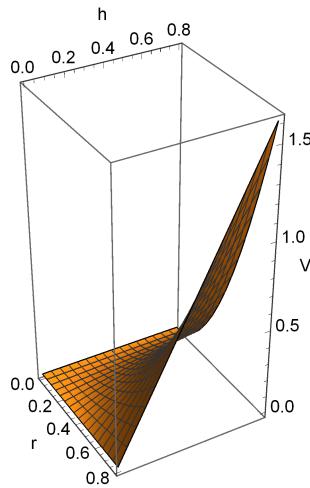
```
Table[Plot3D[\pi r^2 h, {r, 0, 0.8}, {h, 0, 0.8}, BoxRatios -> Automatic, ViewPoint -> pv[[j]],




```







```
Table[Plot3D[x^2 - y^2, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}, BoxRatios → Automatic, ViewPoint → pv[[j]],  
AxesLabel → {"x", "y", "z=f(x,y)"}, ImageSize → {250, 250}], {j, 1, Length[pv]}]  
{tracé de surfaces | rapports de b... | automatique | point de vue spatial  
titre d'axe | taille d'image | longueur}
```

